Number and Place Value	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Counting		from 0, and in tens from any number, forward and backward	•count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100; find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number.	•count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1000 •find 1000 more or less than a given number count backwards through zero to include negative numbers	•count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1 000 000 •interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, including through zero	•use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across zero
Place Value		number • compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100; use		recognise the place value of each digit in a four-digit number order and compare numbers beyond 1000 round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1000	•read, write, order and compare numbers up to 1 000 000 and determine the value of each digit •round any number up to 1 000 000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10 000 and 100 000	 read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10 000 000 and determine the value of each digit round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy
Representing number	•identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, & use language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least •read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words •read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs	estimate numbers using different representations, including the number line •read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals and in words	•identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations •read and write numbers up to 1000 in numerals and in words	•identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations •read Roman numerals to 100 (I to C) and know that over time, the numeral system changed to include the concept of zero and place value	•read Roman numerals to 1000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals •recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared (2) and cubed (3)	
Number facts (+/-)	 given a number, identify one more and one less represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20 	•use place value and number facts to solve problems recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently, and derive and use related facts up to 100				
Mental +/-	•add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero	using concrete objects,	•add and subtract numbers mentally, including: HTO+O, HTO+T and HTO+H		• add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers	perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers
Written +/-			• add and subtract numbers with up to three digits, using formal written methods of	• add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods of columnar addition and	• add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods	

			columnar addition and subtraction	subtraction where appropriate		
Problems +/-	subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as 7 = □ −9.	concrete, pictorial and abstract representations •recognise and use the		estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation solve addition and subtraction two-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why	 use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why 	
Number facts (x/÷)		•recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables, including recognising odd and even numbers	•recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables	division facts for multiplication tables up to 12 × 12	•identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers •know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers •establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19	•identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers
Mental (x/÷)		statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication (x), division (÷) and equals (=) signs		derived facts to multiply and	 multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000 	perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers
Written (x/÷)			Progress to formal written methods calculations as above		digits by a one- or two-digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers • divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context.	formal written method of long multiplication • divide numbers up to 4 digits

						• divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate, interpreting remainders according to context
Problems (x/÷)	•solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher.	•solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts	.	including using the distributive law to multiply two digit numbers by one digit, integer scaling problems and harder correspondence problems such as n objects are connected to m objects	•solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes •solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign •solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates	•use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations •solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why •solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division •use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy
Recognising fractions	 recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity. 		 count up and down in tenths; recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one-digit numbers or quantities by 10 	•count up and down in hundredths; •recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by one hundred and dividing tenths by ten.		
Fractions, Decimals and	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Percentages Comparing fractions			•compare and order unit fractions, and fractions with the same denominators •recognise and show, using diagrams, equivalent fractions with small denominators		 compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths 	 use common factors to simplify fractions use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination compare and order fractions, including fractions > 1
Finding fractions of quantities			 recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators recognise and use fractions as numbers: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators 			

Fraction calculations	recognise the equivalence of	•add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole [for example, 5/7 + 1/7 = 6/7]	• add and subtract fractions with the same denominator	 add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams 	
Decimals as fractional amounts			•recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths •recognise and write decimal equivalents to 1/4, 1/2 and 3/4 •find the effect of dividing a one- or two-digit number by 10 and 100, identifying the value of the digits in the answer as ones, tenths and hundredths	numbers as fractions	 associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents [for example, 0.375] for a simple fraction identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places
Ordering decimals			 round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to two decimal places 	 recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places 	
Calculating with decimals					 multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places multiply one-digit number with up to two decimal places by whole numbers use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places
Percentages				•recognise the per cent symbol (%) and understand that per cent relates to 'number of parts per hundred', and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100, and as a decimal	•solve problems involving the calculation of percentages [for example, of measures, and such as 15% of 360] and the use of percentages for comparison

Fraction problems			•solve problems using all fraction knowledge	•solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to two decimal places	•solve problems involving number up to three decimal places •solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of ½, ¼, 1/5, 2/5, 4/5 and those fractions with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25	 solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts.
Ratio & Proportion						 solve problems involving the relative sizes of two quantities where missing values can be found by using integer multiplication and division facts solve problems involving similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found solve problems involving unequal sharing and grouping using knowledge of fractions and multiples.
Algebra						• use simple formulae • generate and describe linear number sequences • express missing number problems algebraically • find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns • enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables.
Measures	•compare, describe and solve practical problems for: length/height, weight/mass, capacity/volume & time •measure and begin to record length/height, weight/mass, capacity/volume & time	•choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height (m/cm); mass (kg/g); temperature (°C); capacity (litres/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels •compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using >, < and =	• measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths (m/cm/mm) mass (kg/g); volume/capacity (I/mI)	; units of measure estimate, compare and	•convert between different units of metric measure •understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints •estimate volume and capacity	•solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate •use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to up to three decimal places convert between miles and kilometres

Mensuration			•measure the perimeter of simple 2-D shapes	•measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres and metres find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares	 measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares), and including using standard units, square centimetres (cm²) and square metres (m²) and estimate the area of irregular shapes 	•recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa •recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes •calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles •calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimetres (cm3) and cubic metres (m3), and extending to other units.
Measure and Statistics	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Money	•recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes	particular value •find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money •solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change	using both £ and p in practical contexts		•use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation, including scaling	
Time	• sequence events in chronological order using language recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years • tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times	•tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past/to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times •know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day	to XII, and 12-hour and 24-hour clocks •estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute; record and	to minutes) •read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12- and 24-hour clocks •solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days		
Shape vocabulary	 recognise and name common 2-D shapes (e.g. Square, circle, triangle) recognise and name common 3-D shapes (e.g. 	related to properties of shapes. (vertices, edges,	•identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines			•illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius

	Cubes, cuboids, pyramids & spheres)					
Properties of 2-d shape		 identify and describe the properties of 2-D shapes, including the number of sides and line symmetry in a vertical line. compare and sort common 2-D and 3-D shapes and everyday objects. 		geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on properties and sizes •identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations	 use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles. 	compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes
Properties of 3-d shape		properties of 3-D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces	•make 3-D shapes using modelling materials recognise 3-D shapes in different orientations and describe them		•identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations	 recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals, and regular polygons
Angles			description of a turn	order angles up to two right angles by size	•know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles •draw given angles, and measure them in degrees (°) •identify angles at a point and one whole turn (total 360°); at a point on a straight line and ½ a turn (total 180°) •identify other multiples of 90°	recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles
Position & Direction	whole, half, quarter and three-quarter turns.	• order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences. • use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement, including movement in a straight line and distinguishing between rotation as a turn and in terms of right angles for quarter, half and 3/4 turns		 describe positions on a 2-D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant 	•identify, describe, and	 describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants) draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane and reflect them in the axes.
Interpreting data		simple pictograms , tally		 interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs 	•complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables	•interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs calculate and interpret the mean as an average

	•ask and answer simple	•solve one-step and two-step	•solve comparison, sum and	•solve comparison, sum and	•use pie charts and line
	questions by counting the	questions [for example, 'How	difference problems using	difference problems using	graphs to solve problems
	number of objects in each	many more?' and 'How	information presented in bar	information presented in a	
	category and sorting the	many fewer?'] using	charts, pictograms, tables	line graph	
Extract information from date	categories by quantity	information presented in	and other graphs		
		scaled bar charts and			
	about totalling and	pictograms and tables			
	comparing categorical data				